11. Every person violating these rules, or any of them, shall be prima facie liable for all damage and injury caused by col-lision with any other user of the street, and shall further be liable to a fine, accord-

to the police regulations. A Discussion.

After the reading of the memorial the discussion became informal. The bicyclists stated that they were being discriminated against by the police, and cited a number of instances where the police had apparently gone out of their way to make it unpleasant for the riders of bicycles. They believed also that the Commissioners should either revoke that section of the regulations requiring bicyclists to carry lights and bells, or make it general and compel moving vehicles to do the same. True, there was a regulation in force compelling public vehicles to carry lights, but the average public vehicle moved at such the average public vehicle moved at such a low rate of speed it was not a dangerous element in the streets. It was the private carriage which was exempt from the ope-rations of the law that worked the greatest damage. They moved along the streets at a fast rate of speed. Then there were the heavy brewery and bakery wagens, ice and stone wagons, that paid no attention to the wheelmen, but crowded them close to the curb line, oftentimes causing them to run into the sidewalk or be run down. The po-lice, when complained to, were not dis-posed to help the bicyclists.

Commissioner Truesdell said it was the duty of every citizen to prosecute these drivers. If the bicyclists would only carry these reckless drivers into the Police Court the dangerous practice mould be contained. the dangerous practice would soon stop. The committee also desired an amendment to the regulations which would give bicy-clists the right to run over street crossings at the same rate of speed as teams. This, Commissioner Truesdell thought, could be arranged. The committee also pointed out the necessity of a regulation prohibiting persons from throwing glass or other like material in the streets. After some discussion on these points it was deemed expedient to appoint a number of wheelmen special policemen to arrest violators of law, and the proposition was favorably received by Commissioner Truesdell.

The attention of the Commissioners was called to the dangerous condition of the fence which incloses the parking on Pennsylvania avenue southeast between 1st and 8th streets. For some time this fence, which is made of wire, has been in a bad condition, and the loose wires have thrown a number of wheelmen and otherwise injured their wheels. The Commissioner premised to give all the matters careful consideration at the next meeting of the

FOR HORSE STEALING.

Two Men Caught by the Local Polic Force.

Mounted Policeman McNamara of the eighth precinct made an important capture this morning when he arrested Nathan Anderson and James Williams on the road near Brightwood. They are young colored mer who live in Virginia near Arlington, so they say, but they have been up in Maryland, for in their possession the officer found a horse alleged to have been stolen from near Frederick during the past few days. In addition to having the alleged stolen horse in their possession the men were heavily armed, although they made no were heavily armed, although they made no effort to use their big revolvers. Early yesterday morning it was reported that these men had been seen out in the country within ten miles of the city, and this information reached Officer McNamara last night about midnight.

But the man who were then not far from

But the men, who were then not far from the summer home of Dr. J. Ford Thomp son, had evidently seen the officer, and fearing they were being looked for, they left the woods with the horse and went as far as the farm of ex-Gov. Shepherd. There they remained in the woods over night, and shortly after daybreak they made a fresh start for the city. All night long the po liceman had searched the woods for then without success, and when daybreak came on he concluded to cover the roads leading

ored pedestrian, the latter being some dis-tance behind.

"Good morning," said the officer to the man on horseback, who proved to be Will-lams. "Where are you going?"

"To Washington." "Where are you from?"
"About eighteen miles up the country." "I guess I want you," the officer said, and feeling certain the man was armed, he preceded to make a search, and found in his pocket a big revolver, in which there

vere four bullets.

Just then a citizen named Lincoln came soon had the pedestrian under arrest, and in his pocket he also found a loaded weapon. The two prisoners were then taken t

along, and with his assistance the office the station and locked up on charges of carrying deadly weapons, and the authorities at Frederick were notified of the re-

In Court.

This afternoon in Judge Miller's court the prisoners were arraigned, and they pleaded guilty. The prisoner Anderson said, when questioned by the court, that he lived in Virginia at a place he thought was called Arlington Heights. He and Williams had been up in Maryland as far as Dickerson's looking for work, and on their way hom they found the horse in the road, and, thinking the animal had been lost, they thought they would take it and hold it for a reward. The pistol, he said, had been loaned to him by a friend. 'Where was the horse?' the judge asked

"He was grazing near a telegraph pole,"
was the prisoner's answer. "There was red blanket on the horse, but we threw They got the horse Friday, they said, and

started this way, but did not come directly here, because they were afraid that if they came here on Sunday their old clothes would attract attention and they would get arrested for vagrancy.

"When were you coming?"
"Today. You see, policemen don't take so much account of workingmen's clothes during the week as they do on Sunday."
Williams told substantially the same story

of their travels. He said they could have sold the horse Saturday, if they had so desired, but, as they were honest, they were just keeping the animal for a reward. The pistol found on him, he said, he got from his mother. Both men said they were acquainted in Georgetown, and had worked here for contractors. Judge Miller gave them six months in jail

and ordered the destruction of the weapon

An Entire Issue From The Star. From the Denver Active Member.

It is seldom that we attempt to publish the Active Member without using some original matter, but in this number we will devote the news columns entirely to repris ting extracts, clipped from The Evening Star of Washington, D. C., which paper devoted a vast amount of space in its issues of July 8 to 14 to reporting the internation al Christian Endeavor convention. What we are able to present here is but a sample of what The Star contains, and those desiring a full and interesting account of all the convention sessions would do well to send 10 cents to The Evening Star, Washington, D. C. By so doing you will doubtless learn more of what transpired than had you been there in person.

The Star and the C. E. Convention.

From the Cincinnati Christian Standard. The receipt of The Washington Evening Star from July S to 14, inclusive, containing the report of the international convention of Christian Endeavor is hereby acknowledged with heartiest thanks. The Standard's representatives have furnished so much material that it has no room just now ployed his time in literary work. for anything from a different source, but in the weeks to come the treasure furnished by The Star will be drawn upon as occasion demands. There is little doubt that this is the most elaborate report of a religious convention which has ever been made. The initial number, July 8, gives eleven full pages to the convention. No report of the great political conventions recently held was as full as this one of the world's En-deavor convention. It speaks volumes for the enterprise of The Evening Star, and is yet more significant of the growing in-fluence of religion in public affairs. The

LATE NEWS BY WIRE

Terrible Effects of the Colorado Cloudburst.

REGULARS ORDERED OUT AS RESCUERS

Severe Storms Sweeping Over Wisconsin and Ohio.

GREAT DAMAGE IN MICHIGAN

DENVER, Col., July 27 .- The terrible effects of the cloudburst in Clear Creek Canon, above Golden, Col., last Friday are still coming to light. Four more bodies have been found among the debris several miles below Golden, They are of two old men and two young women, none of whom have been identified. There is also a report of eight men employed in a Denver brewery, who passed through a few hours before the storm on their way to Idaho Springs for an outing. They have not since been heard from, and parts of what is believed to be their wagon have been found. Col. H. C. Merriam, commandant of the United States troops at Fort Logan, has detailed 100 of his men to assist in searching

the wreckage for bodies. DUBUQUE, Iowa, July 27.-One of the eaviest rains ever known in Dubuque occurred last night. A tornado passed over the city, followed by torrents of rain. One of the power houses was struck by light-ring and the dynamo burned out. The dam-

age in the city is great. WHEELING, W. Va., July 27.—Frank Cunningham, Mrs. Sylvester Long and Miss Daisy Long were drowned yesterday while trying to cross the Ohio in a shell. The current was so strong that it carried them rder a snag boat.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 27.-Two vere storms swept over the eastern portion of the state Sunday. Many places were struck by lightning and much damage has een done. There was a small cloudburst over this city last night, and the rain fell in such quantities that the streets are filled with water, and cellars in the down-town

DETROIT, Mich., July 27.-A disastrous tornado swept through the southern part of the state Sunday evening. Most alarming reports came from Homer, Calhoun county, where great damage was done to farming property. Farm houses are reported overturned and wrecked and all crops laid low. The rain and wind following the storm was so severe that it has interfered with both telegraph and telephone service, and is practically impossible to secure de-tails. The storm in this vicinity was very severe. Fully two inches of rain fell inside of three hours, doing considerable damage by flooding basements of business houses.

DETROIT. Mich., July 27.-Today's restorms extended all over southern Michigan. At Northwille gan. At Northville the Rouge river over flowed, doing \$10,000 damage and driving several families from their homes. Many ouses and barns at Homer and vicinity were blown down. Doc Markham, a farmer near Marshall, was fatally injured by hav-ing his barn blown down on top of him. The loss of fruit blown from the trees in western Michigan fruit belt is immense, and many frame buildings in that part of the state were destroyed. Heavy damages from lightning are reported from several towns, but no loss of life.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, July 27.-A flerce rain form swept this section last night, the fall being 4.82 inches. The streets were full to the curbs, while those up the hills were torn out and the debris carried down and lodged on the street railway tracks, block-ading the roads for hours. The Illinois Central has not had a train in since mid-At Durango, on the Chicago Great West-

the tide then was swept away. A bridge on the Milwaukee line at Catfish creek, south of the city, is gone.

Reports from all points in this section are of serious damage to railroad property and county bridges, but no loss of life has yet been reported. yet been reported.

CLEVELAND, Ohlo, July 27.-Much damage was done last night by the terrific wind storm.

At Beulah Park, just east of the city,
eight or nine houses were completely destroyed and a large tabernacle blown down.

The loss is estimated at many thousands damage was done last night by the ter-

of dollars.

Maj. Stockman of the local bureau reports that the wind reached a velocity of sixty-four miles an hour.

WILLIAM HENRY SMITH DEAD. Formerly the General Manager of the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, July 27.-William Henry Smith died at his home in Lake Forest, at 3:30 this morning. He had been sick for several days, having had pneumonia. The funeral will take place at 3:15 Wednesday afternoon.

Wm. Henry Smith was born in Columbia county, N. Y., December 1, 1833. His parcounty, N. Y., December 1, 1833. His parents moved to Ohio, where he had the best educational advantages the state afforded. He was a school teacher for a time, and rext a tutor in a western college. Later he became the assistant editor of a weekly newspaper in Cincinnati. At the age of twenty-two Mr. Smith had risen to the position of editor. At that time he was also sition of editor. At that time he was also doing work for the Literary Review. At the beginning of the civil war he was engaged on the Cincinnati Gazette, and teok an active part in raising troops and forwarding supplies, and, through the medium of the press, did much to strengthen the government. Largely instrumental in making John Brough governor of Ohlo he afterng John Brough governor of Ohio, he after

ward became the governor's secretary, and later was elected secretary of state, being re-elected in 1866. Mr. Smith retired from office and became the managing editor of the Evening Chron-icle. He was obliged, however, to desist from such exacting work on account of lib from such exacting work on account of ill health. In 1870 he became manager of the Western Associated Press, having head-quarters in Chicago. Several years later, upon the personal request of President Hayes, he accepted the office of collector of customs at Chicago. During his term of office he was instrumental in bringing about many needed reforms in the customs de-

partment. In 1883 he again became actively engaged in Associated Press work, and in January of that year he effected a consolidation of the New York and Western Associated Press, taking the managership of the united

systems.
Mr. Smith was a student of historical subjects, and was the author of "The St. Clair Papers," two volumes, Cincinnati, 1882. He was also the author of the biography of Charles Hammond, wrote several pamphlets and had contributed frequently to American periodicals. While secretary of state of Ohio he founded a department of archives, a matter which had been wholly overlooked since the admission of the state, and he succeeded in recovering many yell. and he succeeded in recovering many valuable papers which are now on file in the state house at Columbus. By his investigation in the British museum he brought to light many unpublished letters of Washing-ton to Col. Henry Bouquet, and showed that those which were published by Jared Sparks were not given correctly. Mr. Smith also wrote a "Political history

of the United States" and a life of the late President Hayes, as the literary executor of the dead President.

Mr. Smith retired from the management of the Associated Press in March, 1893, and since that time, until his illness, had em-

SENOR CANOVAS THREATENED.

The Spanish Premier Insulted by an Apparently Insane Man.

MADRID, July 27.-A man, believed to be insane, forced his way today into the preserce of the premier, Senor Canovas del Cas-tillo, and insulted and threatened him. He was promptly arrested.

Eye Knocked Out by a Foul. next best thing to enjoying the convention will be a lessurely reading of the immense report of the same. The Star offered to send the series of papers to any address in the United States and Canada for 10 cents. It is to be presumed that the offer holds good until the supply is exhausted.

YOUNGSTOWN. Ohio, July 27.—While watching a game of ball yesterday Oscar Gilchrist was struck in the eye by a foul fly with such force that the eye was knocked into a pulp and fell out of his lead. It rolled down over his cheek and fell on the ground. YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, July 27 .- While

QUESTIONING THE GOVERNMENT.

British Ministers' Interrogated by Members of Parliament. LONDON, July 27.—In the house of commons today the parliamentary secretary for the foreign office, George N. Curson, said that the Venezuelan statement had not yet reached the government, but was on its way here frem Washington.

Mr. Curson was also asked whether the government was aware that another king had been elected in Samoa in opposition to King Malleto, and that through German instigation. Mr. Curson replied in the negative.

negative.

Later Mr. Curson was questioned as to whether the government had been informed that Herr Branders, whose endeavors to annex Samoa to Germany some years ago were defeated only by the action of the United States, is returning to Somao in the capacity of chief justice.

Mr. Curzon replied that the government yas not aware that such was the capacity. was not aware that such was the case.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, replying to Mr. John Morley, late chief secretary for Ireland, who asked him whether the government would lay on the table information relative to limits and population of the settlements within the territory in dis-pute between Great Britain and Venezuela, said that the definition of the settlements would have to be decided firstly by nego-tiations and then by investigation on the spot, and the government, therefore, could not give the desired information.

LONG STRIKE ENDED.

The Brown Company at Cleveland Concedes Workmen's Demands. CLEVELAND, Ohlo, July 27 .- The longdrawn-out strike of the employes of the Brown Hoisting and Conveying Works,

which was inaugurated nine weeks ago and has resulted in a series of bloody riots, is at an end, a satisfactory settlement between the company and the representatives of the employes of the company having been reached today.

The terms of the settlement have not been made public, but it is known that the company concedes all the main points contested for. It agrees to receive grievance committees from employes, grant a half holiday on Saturday and time and a half for all over time. All old employes are to be reinstated regardless of any part they took in the strike. The men will return to work tomorrow morning.

The announcement of the termination of

the struggle caused wild scenes of enthusi-asm at the hall of the locked out men Grand Master O'Connell said that it nad been the hardest fought and the cleanest all-around victory for labor that had taken place in many years.

Much credit is due to the state board of arbitration, Mr. I. A. Russell, attorney for the strikers, and Mr. James O'Connell grand master International Association of

Machinists, who have labored untiringly to bring the great struggle to a close. HALF-BREEDS DISFRANCHISED.

They Say They Will Vote and Trouble is Threatened.

GUTHRIE, Okla., July 27.-About two weeks ago the commissioners appointed to investigate Osage citizenship recommended that ever 100 half-breeds should be stricken from the rolls, but they submitted separate reports, not being able to agree upon the lists. Secretary Smith has not yet passed upon any of these reports, but the council of the Osage nation, controlled by the fullbloods, has, in special session, passed an act of disfranchisement for all the half-breeds so reported. The half-breeds declare their intention of voting at the elec-tion August 3, and trouble will likely oc-

Lively Trading in Grain.

WICHITA, Kan., July 27.-The week just closed has witnessed the liveliest grain trade in southern and central Kansas that these sections have experienced in five years. Just now the bulk of old corn from this section is going to St. Louis and New Orleans. but dealers from northern, eastern and to the city as well as he could.

It was about 6 o'clock when he saw from the Brightwood Hotel a colored man riding a horse, being closely followed by a colored the tide then was swept away. A bridge on the Wilwauker line the Chicago Great Westsouthern points are buying heavily. The southern points are buying heavily. The shipments, while enormous, do not in any sense represent the business done, as a very the tide then was swept away. A bridge on the Wilwauker line. but is held, awaiting cars. A great deal of the corn is in unroofed cribs, and on ac-count of recent heavy rains it is too wet to shell.

Wholesale Grocers Confer.

CHICAGO, July 27 .- A conference of the executive boards of the Wholesale Grocers' Associations of the states of Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Wisconsin and Minnesota was held today. The conference was presided over by H. P. Sanger of Detroit, president of the Michigan asso-clation. The purpose is to secure an agreement on the prices, credits and general business methods among the wholesalers of the territory embraced in the several associations. An effort will also be made to correct the evil of freight anowances and the collections of accounts by drummers.

Walter Winans' Success.

LONDON, July 27.-Walter Winans, the American pistol shot, has won first prize in the first, second and third series of the revolver competitions here, his scores being 39, 42 and 38.

Mr. Winans, who hails from Baltimore, Md., has held for eight years the revolved championship of the South London Rifle Club and for three years has held the championship of the North London Rifle Club. He has now won in all twelve first and three second prizes at the Bisley revolver competition and has also won the revolver championship.

In addition to the prizes mentioned which

were won with the military revolver, Mr. Winans also won the first prizes in the first, second, third and sixth series of competitions, with any revolver. His scores were 38, 41, 39 and 42. He also won all the aggregate prizes.

Young Couple Killed Instantly. MALONE, N. Y., July 27.-While Levi Sancomb and Nellie Bushy, aged respectively eighteen and sixteen years, of Chateaugay were returning to that village about 10 o'clock Saturday night, they were struck by an engine on the Central Vermont railroad, as they attempted to cross the track. Sancomb and Miss Bushy and the horse they were driving were instantly

Meteor's Topmast Carried Away. SWANSEA, July 27.-In the race for the gold cup here today Ailsa beat Britannia, Satanita and Caress. Meteor carried away her topmast and gave up the race.

Rev. Dr. Hypes Dead. DAYTON, Ohio, July 27.-Rev. W. L. Hypes, D.D., a Methodist Episcopal minister, member of the Cincinnati conference, and well known in Ohio, died at his

residence, this city, late last night. The Crew of the Fuller. BOSTON, July 27.-The Plant line steamer Olivette arrived from Halifax today with First Mate Bram and the crew of the American barkentine Herbert Fuller on board. The men, who are under arrest pending a further investigation into the murder of Capt. Nash, Mrs. Nash and the second mate, were taken in charge by the police.

After being detained a short time at the station, the prisoners were taken before United States Commissioner Fiske. Brown were both formally charged with murder and both pleaded not guilty. The hearing was then adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow forenoon, the accused men being ordered held without ball. The other members of the Fuller's crew, and Monks, the passenger, were ordered held as witnesses. Mr. Monks was released on his own recognizance after the hear-

The Sugar Bounty Claims.

The Secretary of the Treasury has finally passed upon the last of the cases under the sugar bounty refund act, involving the construction of that act, and there is now no obstacle to the settlement of the remainder of these claims on the basis of 64 cents on the dollar, which is as much as the five million appropriation will prorate among the claimants.

The Secretary affirmed the decision of the commissioner of internal revenue, rejecting certain claims on the ground that the licensess were not the producers of the sugar, as required by law.

POOR SHOW FOR ENGLAND.

Bound to Suffer, Whoever is Elected President. LONDON, July 27.- The Globe this after 1000 publishes a long article headed 'American Communism," and concludes as

follows: "There is a clear issue between the gold standard allied to extreme protection and free coinage coupled with confiscatory socialism. Whether McKinley or Bryan is elected, British interests are bound to suf-fer. While the lictory of McKinley is certain to harass our trade with the United States, that of Bryan could not fall to produce a financial-convulsion, which might shake the old world to its very founda-The St. James Gazette publishes an edi-

torial article of the same tenor as the ar-ticle in the Globe.

In addition to the interview with Mr. Joseph Herbert Tritton of the banking firm of Barclay, Beverly, Tritton, Ransom, Bou-verie & Co., published in the Daily News this morning, there were other interviews on the currency question in the United States printed in the same newspaper, but the names of the persons quoted were not given. The Daily News, commenting upon these interviews, said that Anglo-American financiers think that the sliverites are developing unexpected strength, adding: "But they (the Anglo-American financiers) do not believe they will succeed, for if the people imagined free coinage was really coming, there would be a panic and the chief sufferers would be Americans. They also point out that the supreme cour stands between investors and unconstitu

GRAIN RATE WAR.

The Next Cut Will, It is Believed, End the Fight. KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 27 .- The grain rate war, which has been waged for the past week, will, according to the statements of several leading traffic men of this city, practically be concluded when the next cut in rates is made. This, it is anticipated, will occur within a few days at most. One of the active lines wired from Chicago to its local representative asking what rate would be required on wheat to hold the Chicago market as against the

southern ports. The reply was that it would require a rate of 8 cents per 100 flat. It is believed that such a rate will be put in, possibly to-

The rate is less than actual cost, and is thought none of the lines will care to maintain it for any great length of time. When business is done at a loss it will be a matter of a short time to get managers a conference for adjustment. It is useless It is stated the fight is to a finish.

EXCITEMENT AT MADRID.

Ships Promised Spain Said to Have Been Bought by America. MADRID, July 27.-It is announced here that the shipbuilders of Genoa have repudiated the contract which their representative made with the Spanish government to furnish the latter promptly with two cruisers of 7,000 tons. Great excite-ment prevails here, as it is added that these vessels have been purchased by the United States.

BIG FIRE AT BELFAST. Property Worth a Million and a Half Destroyed. BELFAST, July 27 .- The Harland &

Wolff and Workman & Clarke ship building shops and their contents have been almost wiped out by fire. The conflagration started in the establishment of Harland & Wolffe and spread from that to the Workman & Clarke Company. It was estimated that the loss at the ship yards would be \$1,500,000. The property destroyed was partly, insured.

Looked Like the Princess. LONDON, July 27 .- Mrs. Mahlon Sands died suddenly on Friday last at her residence in this city. She bore a remarkable resemblance to the Princess of Wales, with whom she was upon terms of intimate dress balls, at the princess' request, Mrs. Sands and the princess dressed alike, and it was impossible to decide which was which. Mrs. Sands' husband was thrown from his horse and killed in Hyde Park some years ago. Both Mr. and Mrs. Mahlon Sands were most popular.

Mrs. Sands died of fatty degeneration of

Mrs. Sands died of fatty degeneration of the heart. She was quite well at lunch time on Friday, and was found dead in clock the same afternoon The funeral will take place at St. George' Chapel tomorrow.

The remains have been embalmed and will be taken to New York to be buried beside those of her husband.

Died in His Railway Berth. CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 27 .- Mr. E. W. Hutchins of the millinery firm of Osborne Hutchins & Hunt of this city died in his berth on a sleeping car on the Cincinnati Hamilton and Dayton train near Toledo las night. His wife heard him gasping, and, going to him, found his breathing his last He had recently had a fall from a street car, and it is thought that might have been the cause of his death.

Incendiarism Suspected. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 27.-The handsome stone Methodist Episcopal Church at Willow Grove, Montgomery county, Pa., was entirely destroyed by fire at 4 o'clock this morning. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary, as flames of mysterious origin had been dis-covered twice before. The loss, which is heavy, is covered by insurance.

Victim of Religious Mania. PASSAIC, N. J., July 27.-Religious mania caused William Carroll, aged twenty-six years, to commit suicide at the home of his mother, on the Boulevard. He had been acting strangely, and late yesterday afternoon he bade his folks good-bye. He then went to his room and took a dose of cyanide of potassium. He left a letter, in which he had stated that God had forsaken him, nd he had nothing more to live for.

Mr. Vanderbilt Improving.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 27.-Dr. McLane who came on from New York with Cor. nellus Vanderbilt, states that the patient was very comfortable this morning, and there were no signs of any ill-effect as the result of the trip up the sound. Dr. Mc-Lane asserts a belief that Mr. Vanderbilt's improvement will now be very rapid.

Large Corn Crop in Oklahoma. EL RENO, O. T., July 27 .- Corn this year in Oklahoma will be so plentiful that it probably will not bring more than 8 cents a bushel. Aside from a few districts where the crop was dejured by hall an unprecedented average yield is reported, and it is thought that there will be a surplus of almost half a million bushels in the territory to ship.

A Youthful Desperado. ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 27.-John Toms, youthful desperado of this city, is at large in the vicinity of Dearborn. He has caused the officers of that town no small amount of trouble, a number of deputy sheriffs having put in a solid week hunting him. At one times one of them corralled him in a cornfield, but Toms held the offi-

cer at bay with a shotgun, and has since successfully resisted arrest. He is wanted for highway robbery. Loss of the Drummond Castle. LONDON, July 27.- The board of trade has decided that the loss of the steamship Drummond Castle off Ushant on June 16, resulting in the drowning of about 250 persons, only one passenger and two seamen being saved, was due to the fact that she was not navigated with proper seamanlike care in view of the prevailing conditions.

The Campaign in Ohio. CHICAGO, July 27 .- Charles A. Kurtz, national committeeman from Ohio, is authority for the statement that the republican campaign will be officially opened at Columbus, Ohio, on August 12. On that date a great ratification meeting will be held, and it is expected that Major Mo-Kinley will be present to make the first speech of the campaign. THE GOLD RESERVE.

Bankers Pledged to Deposit \$6,000, 900 Within the Next Few Days. The gold reserve today amounts to \$104, 500,000, and bankers in different parts of the country are under pledge to deposit 8,000,000 additional gold coin within the next few days, thereby effectually remov ing the question of another issue of bonds from further consideration for the present. The new \$2 silver certificates are being rapidly finished at the bureau of engraving and printing. They will probably be ready for issue by the United States treasurer in limited amounts next week. These new notes are said to be very artistic in ap-pearance. The front contains an allegor-ical representation of "science presenting steam and electricity to commerce and manufacture," and the back contains vig-nettes of Grant and Sheridan.

ASSAULT CASES.

Two Men Charged With Striking Women.

Walter Hawkins, colored, thought that so long as his trouble was all in the family the police had no right to interfere, but he did not confine his troubles to the house, and therefore a policeman arrested him. Walter, who is not a very hard working man, went on a picnic yesterday, and when he got home about midnight the fumes of stale beer and gin made known to his wife how he had been spending the day. He had been home only a short time before he undertook to whip his daughter Mary, and she ran from the house. Once outside she thought she was safe from the clutches of her father, and when she went under the porch she felt certain that he would not follow, but in this she was mis-taken, for the father did follow her, and was bolding her down and beating her when the girl's exhibition of lung power attracted the attention of Policeman Ver nillion, who arrested Hawkins. There was the case was called in the Police Court todey.
"What had you been drinking?" the court

inquired of him.
"A few beers."
"And his wife showed me a bottle of gin

the officer.

Walter said he was correcting his daugh ter for disobedience, but Judge Miller said that he not only took an improper time for correcting her, but his manner of punish-

ing her was also improper. He was fined

\$15 or forty-five days.

Joe Sands, also colored, was in court because of domestic trouble, his wife appear ing as complainant.
"Are you his wife?" the judge asked

little woman who appeared.
"Yes, sir," was her response.
"What did you do to him?" "Nothing." "And what did he do to you?"
"Struck me in the eye and on the cheek."
"But she struck me first," said the husand. "She struck me i nthe face with a

Joe was acquitted of the charge of assault and was fined \$10 for disorderly conduct.

PERHAPS A MURDER. Shooting at a Colored Picnic in Maryland.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. ODENTON, Md., July 27.-A disturbance occurred Saturday at a colored picnic at Gambrill's Chapel between two brothers, named Daily. Howard Gibson approached them, when Wm. Daily shot him in the mouth and escaped. Gibson is supposed to be fatally wounded. He was taken to the Baltimore hospital.

WESTERN HIGH SCHOOL. Bids Opened Today for the Proposed

Site. Proposals were opened by the Commissieners this afternoon for supplying the District with a site for the new Western High School. This is the second time bids have been opened for this purpose. The other time, all bids were thrown out, because they were too high priced. The bid-

ders today were as follows: Jay Cooke, lot correr Washington and Stoddart streets, \$28,000 (same as last time). The lot adjoining was offered separately last time at \$4,000. This time the entire lot is offered at \$30,000. C. H. Fickling offered lots 4, 5, 45 and 46, square 1243, at \$23,000.

A. P. Fardon offered a lot on U street, in

square 112, containing 31,845 square feet, He also off ered lots 166 and 167, square 84, at \$26,000 J. H. Bradley offered part of lots 93, 94, 95 and 96, square 87, containing 24,000 square feet, at \$30,000.

R. E. Pairo offered sub lots 1, 2, 3 and 4,

square 124, containing 26,025 square feet, at 70 cents per foot. John Marbury, agent, offered part of lots 228, 229, 230 and 231, square 1290, at \$21,700. S. W. Rittenhouse and Randall Hagner, trustees, offered the property at the corner of Q and Mill streets at \$26,000; the same lot is offered with some additional land at

Theodore Friebus offered lots 3 and 4, in square 2), at 70 cents per foot.

J. W. Pilling offered portions of The Cedars, 35th street between T and U streets, at \$20,000, \$25,000 and \$35,000, respectively.

Pedaled Another Century. The following members of the Columbia Athletic Club, Faber, Stevenson, R. C.Williams and Ed. S. Byrnes, made another century run yesterday to Baltimore and return, putting in the 100 miles by riding in the vicinity of Baltimore and returning via the Laurel road. The boys were paced by Williams, and made the trip in nine hours and thirty minutes. The following were unattached, with the exception of Sam Barnhardt, who is one of the Queers: C. M. Coon, Luther Fridley, J. Mackaver and swift Billy O'Connor.

l'oday's Departmental League Game. The Bureau of Engraving and Printing and the Light Infantry teams, the great rivals of the season of '95, will try conclusions at National Park today. The Infantry team has lost the services of Smith, who has gone south to play professional ball, but the boys promise to give a good account of themselves, and will try their utmost to lay the laurels of the Bureau team in the dust. Ladies are admitted free to all games of the Departmental League, and as the game promises to be more than merely interesting, a good attendance is

Stabbed by a Fellow Druggist. CAIRO, Ill., July 27.-I. N. Coffee, president of the state board of pharmacy, was stabbed and killed at 12 o'clock last night while on his way to take a train .or Springfield to attend a meeting of the board, by Dr. Crabtree, in front of the latter's drug store. Crabtree is in jail. Coffee was stabed twice with a dagger; one thrust reached the heart. Both men were prominen

Killed by a Gas Explosion. ASHLAND, Pa., July 27.-An explosion of gas occurred at West Bear Ridge colliery today, instantly killing William Quinn, fire boss, aged thirty-three years, and Michael Bazzle, single, aged twenty-three years. Two foreign laborers were also injured. The cause of the explosion is

Raised a Row. William Baker, a farmer who works near Benning, but whose home is at Twining City, likes his beer, and every Saturday right, he says, he gets a whole keg of the beverage at the brewery because it is cheap. Saturday night's keg of beer got him in trouble, and today he found himself in the Police Court charged with keeping a disorderly house, while his wife, Annie Baker, and a neighbor named Annie Ward were charged with fighting. William told the judge that he usually goes home only once a week. The judge thought his wife was partly responsible for the disorder at the house and imposed a fine of only \$5. Mrs. Baker was fired \$2 for fighting, while a fine of \$5 was imposed on Mrs. Ward.

Case Nolle Prossed. Delia Ryan, the old white woman arrest-

ed several days ago on a charge of counterfeiting, and who was declared mentally unsound by the jail physician, was today released from jail, District Attorney Birney having nolle prossed the charge.

Upon Stocks.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, July 27.-Local prices oper ed off in sympathy with the declining tendency of the London market and became moderately steady under a restricted volume of business. In several instance, particularly in Sugar, the initial sale was made as low as possible in the hope of influence ing the general list. The extensive covering of short contracts at the close of the week, coupled with the outcome of the populistic convention, deprived the market of its greatest elements of support. There was no evidence of aggressiveness on the part of the pessimistic element, however, dullness being substituted for active de pression. Contraction is the logical outcome of a protracted period of uncertainty

and little else is assured at this time.

The committee appointed at last week's

meeting of international bankers to draft a plan looking to the protection of the gold reserve and the prevention of specie experts for speculative purposes, submitted its report to a full meeting of all interested this morning. The plan was unanimously this morning. The plan was adopted, and will become immediately operated adopted, and will become withheld from rative. The details were withheld from motives of policy, but it is practically cer tain that previously published accounts of the probable process are accurate in all essential particulars. The artificiality of this scheme of relief is generally conceded, but its influence, for the present, will at least tend to prevent demoralization such as was threatened at the time of its con-

It is not reasonable to expect permanent improvement in advance of the actual counting of the rates at the close of the November elections. Temporary expedients, it is held, must be relied upon to supply the gaps made by the retreat of capital, and to disconcert the enemy by showing a determined front in every emering a determined front in every The rally in prices which followed the

announcement of the adoption of the ex-change device was due largely to the covering of short contracts by prominent room traders.

This element of professional operators while representing the activity of the present market, is conscious of the watchfu eyes of those associated in the protective scheme, and is easily discouraged in con-sequence. Small profits are accepted, and demonstrations, without discrimination, are no longer a feature of the daily oper-

Mr. McKinley's letter of acceptance is awaited with increasing interest, owing to the belief that an attempt will be made to force prices up in sympathy with his dec laration for a sound currency. No ambiguity on this point is to be expected, the developments of the last few days having increased the necessity for outspoken ut-terances. This letter, it is thought, should have the effect of at least contesting the space monopoly conceded to silver by the press throughout the country. There is no significant demand for silver, the prices for the certificates today being practically stationary at an advance of 1-4 per cent from Saturday's bid price. This is a sig nificant fact, and one deserving of more

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

than casual attention

The following are the opening, the highest and the lowest and the closing prices of the New York stock market today, as reported by Corson & Macartney, members New York stock exchange. Correspondents, Messrs. Moore & Schley, No. 80 Broadway.

Open. High. Low. 104 1043/1083/ 973/973/973/ 58 583/58 American Sugar, Pfd... 97% American Tobacco..... Atchison. 131 181/ 24 66 95 151 Den. & Rio Grande, Pfd. 49% Dis. & Cattle Feeding ... Erie General Electric..... Illinois Central..... 233 Laclide Gas..... 17% 17% 17% 171 Missouri Pacific...... National Lead Co...... National Lead Co... National Lead Co., Pfd... 813/ New Jersey Central... 933/ New York Central... 933/ Northern Pacific 80% 92 91% Northern Pacific. 12% 12% North American. 1214 1234 19 19½ 10½ 10½ Pacific Mall.

Pacific Mall.

Phila & Reading

Pullman P. C. Co.

Southern Ry., Pfd.

Phila Traction. 20% 2036 16% 17 6 6 48% 48% 14 14 7% 8 Tenn. Coal & Iron Union Pacific..... U. S. Leather, Pfd..... 14 7% Western Union Tel.... 79% 79% 69% Silver.....

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales-regular call-12 o'clock m.-United State Electric Light, 10 at 98. Metropolitan Railroad Sales-regular call—12 o'clock m.—United States Electric Light, 10 at 98. Metropolitan Railroad, 10 at 105.

Government Bonds.—U. S. 4a, registered, 106 bid, 107 asked. U. S. 4a, coupon, 107½ bid, 108½ asked. U. S. 4a, 1925, 114 bid, 114½ asked. U. S. 5s, 111 bid, 112 asked.

District of Columbia Bonds.—20-year Fund. 5s, 104 bid. 30-year Fund. gold 6s, 110 bid. Water Stock currency 7s, 1901, 110 bid. Water Stock currency 7s, 1901, 110 bid. Fund. currency 3.65s, 112 asked.

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Metropolitan Railroad 5a, 107 bid, 110 asked. Metropolitan Railroad cov. 6a, 111½ bid, 120 asked. Belt Railroad 5s, 70 bid, 80 asked. Eckington Railroad 6s, 90 bid, 95 asked. Columbia Railroad 6s, 113% asked. Washington Gas Company, ser. A, 6s, 108 bid. Washington Gas Company, ser. B, 6s, 109 bid. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone 5s, 101 bid. American Security and Trust 5s, F. and A., 100 bid. Washington Market Company lup. 6s, 106 bid. Washington Market Company exten. 6s, 106 bid. Washington London So. 106 bid. Optical, 120 bid. 6c lumbia, 120 bid. Capital, 110 bid. West End. 108 asked. Farmers and Mechanics', 170 bid. 300 asked. Farmers and Mechanics', 170 bid. 300 asked. Traders', 96 asked. Lincoln, 100 asked. Ohio, 85 bid.

Safe Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Safe Deposit and Trust, 117 asked. American Security and Trust, 141 asked. Metropolitan, 104 bid, 107 asked. Bid. 66 asked. Metropolitan, 104 bid, 107 asked. bid. 66 asked. Metropolitan, 104 bid, 107 asked. bid. 66 asked. Metropolitan, 104 bid. 107 asked. bid. 66 asked. Metropolitan, 104 bid. 107 asked.

and Trust, 117 asked. American Security and Trust, 141 asked. American Security and Trust, 141 asked. American Security and Baileyad Stocks.—Capital Traction Company, 65 bid, 66 asked. Metropolitan, 104 bid, 107 asked. Columbia, 55 bid. Belt, 27 asked. Eckington, 27 asked. Gas and Electric Light Stocks.—Washington Gas, *42 bid, 46 asked. Georgetown Gas, 40 bid. United States Electric Light, 57% bid, 93% asked. Insurance Stocks.—Firemen's, 32 bid. Franklin, 33 bid. Metropolitan, 68 bid. Corcoran, 50 bid. Potomac, 63 bid, 74 asked. Arlington, 125 bid. Greman American, 150 bid. National Union, 14 asked. Columbia, 14 asked. Riggs, 7% bid, 8% asked. Columbia, 14 asked. Lincoln, 8% asked. Commercial, 5 asked. Lincoln, 8% asked. Commercial, 5 asked.

Title Insurance Stocks.—Real Estate Title, 100 bid, 110 asked. Columbia Title, 6 asked. Washington Title, 2 bid.

Telephone Stocks.—Pennsylvania, 38 bid, 50 asked. Chesapeake and Potomac, *57 bid, 63 asked. American Graphophone, pid., 13 asked. Pneumatic Gun Carriage, 10 bid, 20 asked.

M'seclaneous Stocks.—Mergenthaler Linotype, 117% bid, 121 asked. Lanston Monotype, 4 bid, 6 asked. Washington Market, 14% bid. Great Falls Ice, 125 asked. Lincoln Hall, 90 asked.

*Ex. div.

Baltimore Markets.

FINANCE AND TRADE

receipts, 113,625 bushels; exports, none; stock, 943,908 bushels; sales, 128,600 bushels—southern wheat
by sample, 588644); do. on grade, 61864. Ocen
weeks—spot and month, 369,630%; August, 301/62
30%; September, 303,6230%;—receipts, 56,674 bushels;
exports, 109,750 bushels; stock, 388,975 bushels;
exports, 109,750 bushels; stock, 388,975 bushels;
sales, 1,000 bushels—southern white and reliow
corn, 315,632. Oats strong—No. 2 white western,
250,251/2; No. 2 mixed do., 252,231/2—receipts, 28,352
bushels; exports, none; stock, 29,355 bushels. Bye
quiet and steady—No. 2 nearby, 3416,355; 350,3551/2,
western—exports, tone; stock, 29,355 bushels. Bye
quiet and steady—No. 2 nearby, 3416,355; 350,3551/2,
western—exports, tone; stock, 29,355 bushels. Bye
quiet and steady—No. 2 nearby, 3416,355; 350,3551/2,
western—exports, tone; stock, 29,355 bushels. Bye
quiet and steady—No. 2 nearby, 3416,355; 350,3551/2,
western—exports, tone; stock, 29,355 bushels. Bye
quiet and steady—No. 2 nearby, 3416,355; 350,3551/2,
western—exports, tone; stock, 29,355 bushels. Bye
quiet and steady—No. 2 nearby, 3416,355; 350,3551/2,
western—exports, tone; stock, 29,355 bushels, Bye
quiet and steady—No. 2 nearby, 3416,355; 350,3551/2,
western—exports, tone; stock, 29,305 bushels;
stront-node timothy, \$16,501d. Grain freights quiet
and steady—No. 2 nearby, 3416,355; 350,3551/2,
western—exports, tone; stock, 29,305 bushels;
stront-node timothy, \$16,501d. Grain freights quiet
and steady—No. 2 nearby, 3416,355; 350,3551/2,
western—exports, tone; stock, 29,305 bushels, Bye
quiet and steady—No. 2 nearby, 3416,355; 350,3551/2,
western—exports, tone; stock, 29,305 bushels, Bye
quiet and steady—No. 2 nearby, 3416,355; 350,3551/2,
western—exports, tone; stock, 29,305 bushels, Bye
quiet and steady—No. 2 nearby, 3416,355; 350,3551/2,
western—exports, tone; stock, 29,305 bushels, Bye
quiet and steady—No. 2 nearby, 3416,355; 350,3551/2,
western—exports, tone; stock, 29,305 bushels, Bit
production of the production of the production of t

Grain and Cotton Market Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., 1421 F street, members New York stock exchange, correspondents Messrs. Ladenburg, Thal-mann & Co., New York. GRAIN.
Open. High. Low. Close.
60 60 58% 594, %
61% 61% 61 61%
25% 26% 25%-½ 25%
18% 18% 17%-18 17%-18
6.07 6.10 5.95 6.00
6.92 6.92 0.77 6.77
3.27 3.27 3.17 3.17
3.60 3.60 3.50 3.50
3.27 3.27 3.17 3.17
3.42 3.42 3.32
COTTON. GRAIN.

Open. 6.87 6.32 6.29 6.25 High. 6.96 6.42 6.38 6.34 Low. 6.86 6.31 6.28 6.24 RESTRICTING GOLD EXPORTS.

Month.

Success of the Bankers' Plan to Conceded.

NEW YORK, July 27. The committee of seven appointed at the recent meeting of exchange bankers to devise a plan for the prevention of gold exports during the next ninety days, today presented a complete report to the full body body at a meeting held at the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co. The plan was procounced effective and was unanimously adopted and the committee discharged. The plan will take effect immediately. A mem-ber of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., said

Deposits by local banks at the subtreasury foot up \$375,000 and swell the grand aggregate to \$18,015,000.

no public statement could be made at this

THE COURTS.

Equity Court No. 1.—Judge Hagner. Robey agt. Fenton et al.; order confirm-ing report of auditor. Taylor agt. Duncan-sen; order for investment of fund in court. Columbia Chemical Company agt. Ham-mond et al.; testimony before J. R. Gow, examiner, ordered taken.

Probate Court.-Judge Hagner. Estate of Catharine Wagner; account of sales filed. Estate of Christian A. Sohl; will partly proved. Estate of Wm. E. C. Moorhead; proof of publication. In re Mary M. Heath, guardian; report of auditor filed. In re Rebecca Shallcross, guardian; rule on surety, returnable July 31. Estate of Rosa H. Ellis; inventory filed. Estate of Alian McLane; order on executors to pay income to trustees for Anne Cropper. In re Thos. J. Edmonston, guardian; rule on guardian, returnable July 31.

EVAPORATED FRUIT.

A Great Industry That Has Grown Up Around Rochester. From the Rochester Post-Express.

In 1871 Elam Hatch, a farmer living in the town of Webster, by accident discovered that sliced apples could be made a clear. pure white by the use of fumes of brimstone. The old way of drying apples was to slice them and carefully distribute them on trays, which were then hoisted to the roofs of outbuildings and sheds of farm houses or elevated from the ground on posts, being left exposed to the rays of the sun, which, if the day was pleasant, would half-dry them. The result of this method nail-dry them. The result of this method of drying the apples was not entirely satisfactory, however. The apples were always of a peculiar reddish tint and lost considerable nourishment in the process of sun

Mr. Hatch is said to have been the first one to have put into use the plan of paring apples by the use of fumes of brim stone, which dried them and left them of a particularly white color. When these dried apples first came into the local market they commanded a price far above that of the sun-dried variety, and were at once in demand. Other growers at once took up with the idea, and David Wing of Brighton be-gan to deal in the produce extensively. Men set about attempting to find the easiest and least expensive way of preparing these ap-ples for the market, and the result was the building of many fruit evaporating towers. It was found that by shoving in a sieve laden with the sliced fruit and allowing the fumes to pass through it, then hoisting that sleve and shoving in another, then hoisting the two and shoving in a third, and so or until the sieve first put in had reached the top of the tower, the heat could be best ap-plied and the process be best simplified. Patents were immediately applied for, but so many technical improvements were made that no one device ever came into any very extensive use. Through all these years the original plan of the drying tower has remained the temporary feature of the dry-ing process of what has now grown to be

an extensive industry.

The idea of bleaching by the use of brimstone is not a new one, instances being recorded of its having been used in the process of preparing barley and malt 2,000 years back, and it was in rather extensive use in Germany seventy-five years before it was put to any great use here. In 1847 a noted chemist of that country read a paper, in which he practically foreshadowed the re-sults which have since been achieved. The fact of the matter is that the industry has grown to such proportions in the United

States, and more especially in the im-mediate vicinity of Rochester, that the product is shipped to all parts of the world. Large shipments are annually made to France, Germany and Russia. A man who has traveled much abroad and who has just returned to the city, told a reporter of the Post-Express that when he was in France he met a foreigner in-terested in the fruit-drying industry. The foreigner learned that the traveler was from New York state, and he at once in-quired if he knew where Rochester was located. The American smilingly said that he did. "Well," said the Frenchman, "all the people over here know a great deal in a certain way about Rochester. It must be a great place. Do the people there do any-thing aside from drying fruit?" When he was assured that the city was one embrac-ing a great many various manufactories and noted for other industries, he expressed surprise. He actually believed that nothing was done by the inhabitants here except the

preparation of dried fruit, so well known is the Rochester product. THE QUEER FARMS.

One Devoted to Raising 'Possums, the Other to Rabbit Breeding. From the New York Journal.

Mr. H. I. Twigg, a young English farmer, has secured a large tract of land in Kentucky, near Richmond, and announces that he has established a 'possum farm, Were he a Yankee, it would be suspected that the announcement of the 'possum ranch was part of a scheme to colonize the adjacent district with colored people, possible buyers of small tracts of land. But Mr. Twigg is said to be quite sincere in his undertaking, having figured out that, as sum is considered such a delicacy as to command fancy prices, there is money in the scheme. He has under advice of an experienced old colored "gemman," who has assured him that "the 'possum am a very dainty eater," planted on the ranch a large number of persimmon and haw trees and hazlenut bushes.

He has started in with twenty 'possums in the warren, and, calculating upon the remarkable fecundity of the animals, ex-pects by next fall to be able to supply the Louisville demand at least. A similar experiment is being made in the cultivation of rabbits in Sullivan county, this state. The difficulty is to secure food for the growth on a limited reserva-tion, and ultimately the animals overrun the surrounding country and become a pest, as, for instance, the opossums of Long Island.

Visible Supply of Grain. NEW YORK, July 27.-The visible supply of grains Saturday, July 25, as compiled by

the New York produce exchange, is as follows: Wheat, 47,142,000 bushels; increase, BALTIMORE, M4., July 27.—Flour firm—western sup >c, \$1.80a\$2; do. extra, \$2.56a\$2.05; do. family, \$3.838.30; winter wheat patent, \$3.40a\$3.65; spring do., \$3.50a\$3.75; spring wheat straight, \$3.15a\$3.30—73ceipts, 14,084 harrels: exports, none. Wheat firm—spot and month, 62%,163; August, 624,662%; Beptember, 63a63%; steamer No. 2 red, 58%,259—bushels; decrease, 29,000 bushels, decrease, 8,000 bushels; decrease, 8,000 bushels; decrease, 8,000 bushels; decrease, 8,000 bushels.